

Wiederholung: Faltungssumme

$$x[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[k] \cdot \delta[n - k] \quad (1)$$

$$y[n] = T \left\{ \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[k] \cdot \delta[n - k] \right\} \quad (2)$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[k] \cdot T \{ \delta[n - k] \} \quad (3)$$

$$h[n] = T \{ \delta[n] \} \quad h[n - k] = T \{ \delta[n - k] \} \quad (4)$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[k] \cdot h[n - k] = (x * h)[n] \quad (5)$$

Eigenschaft Faltungssumme: Kommutativität

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[k] \cdot h[n-k] = (x * h)[n] \quad (6)$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} h[k] \cdot x[n-k] = (h * x)[n] \quad (7)$$

$$(x * h)[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[k] \cdot h[n-k] \quad (8)$$

$$m = n - k \quad (9)$$

$$(h * x)[m] = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{+\infty} h[m] \cdot x[n-m] \quad (10)$$

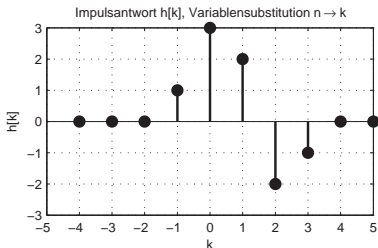
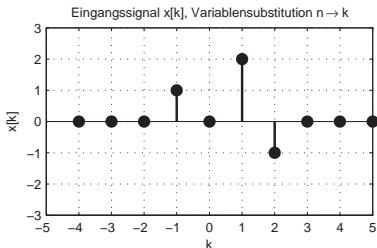
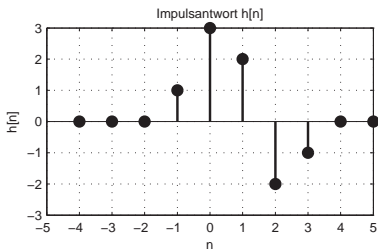
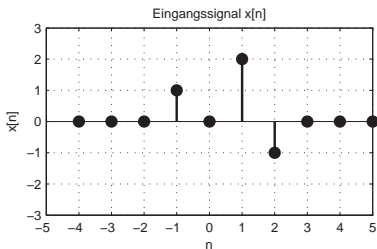
$$(x * h)[n] = (h * x)[n] \quad (11)$$

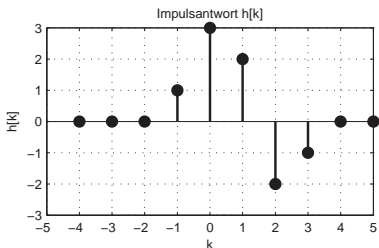
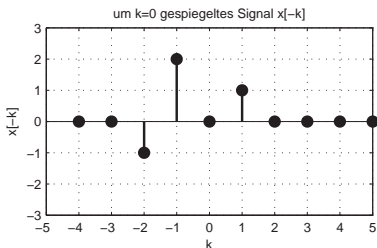
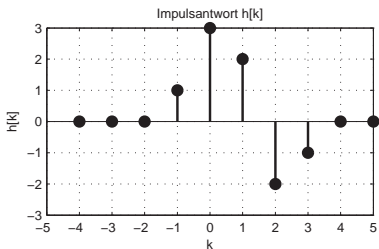
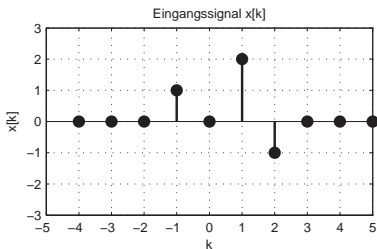


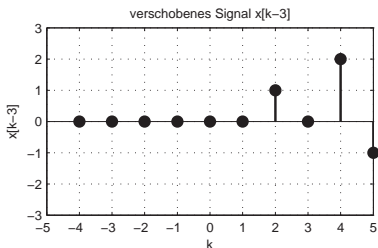
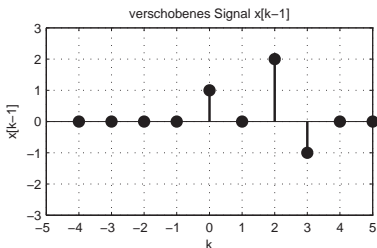
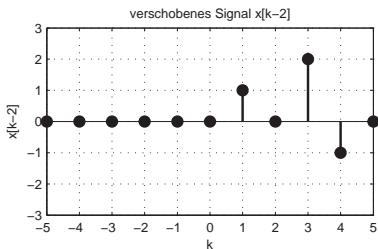
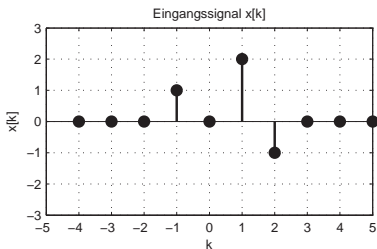
Grafische Veranschaulichung mit

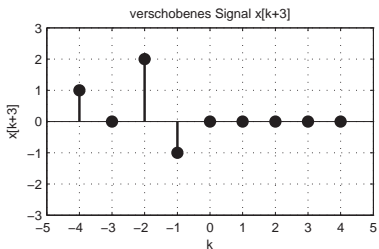
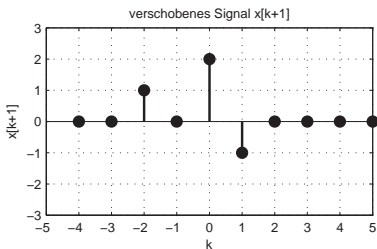
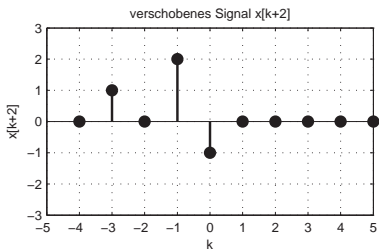
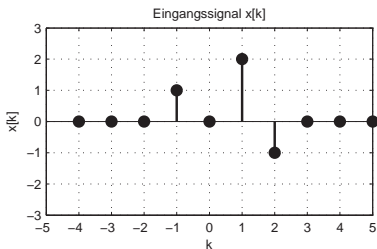
$$y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} h[k] \cdot x[n-k] = (h * x)[n] \quad (12)$$

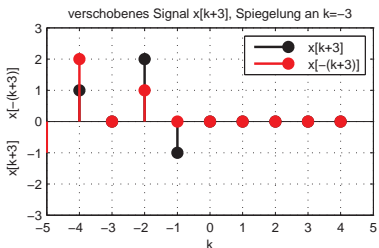
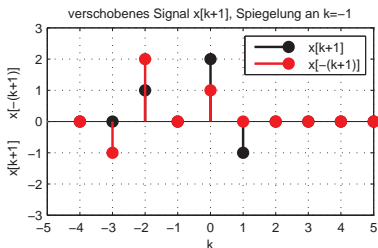
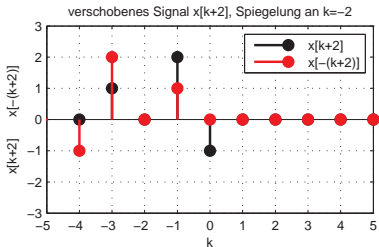
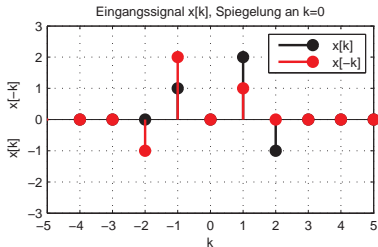
<http://www.nt.e-technik.uni-erlangen.de/~rabe/SYSTOOL/SYSTOOL2.03/conv.htm>

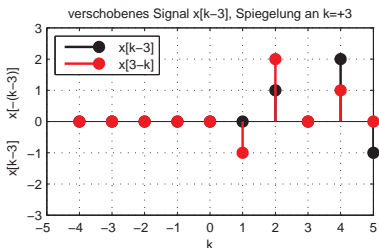
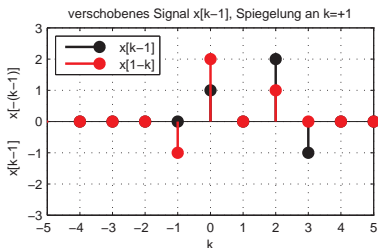
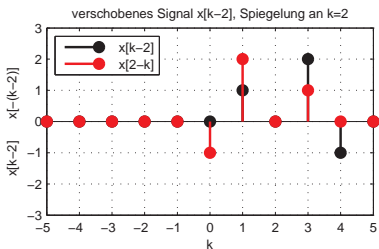
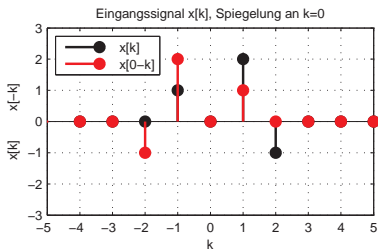














Grafische Veranschaulichung mit

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} h[k] \cdot x[n-k] = (h * x)[n] \quad (13)$$

<http://www.nt.e-technik.uni-erlangen.de/~rabe/SYSTOOL/SYSTOOL2.03/conv.htm>

